#### B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022 LAW OF CRIMES - III

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

## $\underline{PART - A}$

#### Write short notes on ANY TWO from ANY EACH group

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

I.	a. Officer in charge of a police	II.	a. Sentences that criminal courts
	station		can pass
	b. Sessions division		b. Medical examination of accused
	c. Proclaimed offender		c. Judgment
	d. Consequences of failure to		d. Juvenile and child as dealt with
	comply with probation conditions		in the JJ Act

# <u>PART – B</u>

(Answer <u>ANY ONE</u> question. Each question carries <u>TEN</u> marks)

(1 x 10 = 10)

- III. The investigating officer of a murder case, after arresting 3 accused, finds it difficult to gather convincing evidence enough to put them up for trial. What are the options available to the officer if one of them is willing to give information? What should the officer do and can an unconditional benefit be extended to such an accused helping the prosecution case.
- IV. How significant is maintenance provisions as envisaged in the Code? Why?

### <u>PART – C</u>

(Answer <u>ANY TWO</u> questions. Each question carries <u>TEN</u> marks) ( $2 \ge 10 = 20$ )

- V. What are the powers of the police to investigate and submit the Report under the Code?
- VI. Distinguish a warrant trial from a summons trial. When can a case be tried summarily?
- VII. When can an entire prosecution of case or a charge be withdrawn under the Code? What are the consequences?
- VIII. What do you understand by bail? When and by whom can they be granted?