

HONS. 05 / 001 / 23

B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) DEGREE FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023

Family Law II

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Write notes on Any 4 of the following questions (Each question carries 5 marks)

- I. Pious Obligation
- II. Distribution of property among agnates and cognates under Hindu Law
- III. Difference between specific and demonstrative legacies.
- IV. Rules applicable to Class II heirs under Shia law
- V. Lapse of legacies
- VI. Wills under Muslim law.
- VII. Contingent bequest

Answer Any 3 of the following questions (Each question carries 10 marks)

- VIII. Elucidate the important principles regarding the construction of wills under the Indian Succession Act.
- IX. Salim dies leaving his wife, mother, daughter's daughter, father's father and paternal uncle. Describe the distribution of Salim's property, by explaining the relevant rules under Sunni law.
- X. Explain the Christian law of intestate succession. Apply the relevant rules and answer the following question: A and B are two Christians. A dies intestate, leaving her husband, mother, two son's of a predeceased brother and one daughter of a predeceased sister. B dies intestate, leaving his father, two sons of a predeceased daughter and one daughter of a predeceased son.
- XI. What are the essential requisites of making a valid Will? Explain the situations in which a bequest is considered to be void.
- XII. Explain the rules by which a female Hindu's intestate property is distributed. Apply the rules in a situation where a Hindu female dies intestate leaving behind, her mother, brother and mother-in-law. Her property includes self-acquired property and the property inherited from her father. Distribute the property among the heirs as if:
 - a. X is governed by the general rules of succession
 - b. X is governed by the Marumakkathayam law
