# B.A. LL.B. (HONS.) DEGREE FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, MAY 2023 <br> DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS 

Time: 3 Hours
Maximum Marks : 50

PART-A<br>Answer ANY FOUR questions<br>Each question carries TEN marks

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(4 \times 10=40)
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I. A statistical survey passes through several stages before completion, starting from planning the survey and ending with writing the final report. Explain briefly the different stages come under planning the survey.
II. What do you understand by complete enumeration method and sample method? What are the advantages of complete enumeration method? Also explain the essentials of a good sample
III. "Science of Statistics is the useful servant, but only of great value to those who understand its proper use".- comment
IV. Distinguish between primary data and secondary data. Explain briefly different methods used by a researcher for collecting primary data.
V. Compare and contrast different definitions of statistics.
VI. Write short notes on
(a). Skewness
(b) Measures of dispersion
(c). Index numbers
(d). Positive correlation

## PART-B <br> Answer ANY TWO questions <br> Each question carries FIVE marks

$(2 \times 5=10)$
VII. From the following data Calculate the average monthly salary of 120 workers in Factory A

Monthly Salary: 100002000030000400005000060000700008000090000
No.of workers: $\begin{array}{llllllllll}34 & 26 & 10 & 3 & 12 & 5 & 6 & 4 & 20\end{array}$
VIII. Find mean deviation about median and its coefficient

Class: 100-200 200-300 300-400 400-500 500-600 600-700 700-800 $\quad 800-900$
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Frequency: } & 26 & 34 & 38 & 43 & 56 & 65 & 45 & 65\end{array}$
IX. Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and interpret the results.

X: 100
Y: 98
X. Calculate Bowley's coefficient of skewness

Class: $\quad 0-9 \quad 10-19 \quad 20-29 \quad 30-39 \quad 40-49 \quad 50-59 \quad 60-69 \quad 70-79 \quad 80-89 \quad 90-99$
Frequency: $\begin{array}{lllllllllll}12 & 23 & 21 & 12 & 34 & 20 & 25 & 32 & 39 & 18\end{array}$
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