PGDCL/002/22

Time: 3 Hours

POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN CYBER LAW EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

PAPER-II- Information Technology and Law of Contracts

Answer Any Eight. Each question carries TEN marks

8x10=80 Marks

Maximum Marks: 80

- 1. Explain the process of authentication of an electronic record by digital signature and its relevant statutory provisions.
- 2. Critically analyse the provisions in the Information Technology Act, 2000 related to 'Time and place of despatch and receipt of electronic record'.
- 3. How are certifying Authorities regulated under the Information Technology Act, 2000?
- 4. Discuss the provisions in the Information Technology Act, 2000 related to 'Attribution of electronic records' and 'Acknowledgment of receipt of electronic record'.
- 5. The way users of cyberspace interact with the intermediaries may be through an explicit contract or through an implied contract. In this context, discuss the liabilities of intermediaries in the context of Information Technology Act, 2000.
- 6. Trace the provisions in the Information Technology Act, 2000 regarding digital signature and electronic signature. Are there any differences between digital signature and electronic signature?
- 7. Examine the differences in 'rule in Instantaneous communication' when compared to 'Postal rule' regarding 'completion of contract' and 'place of contract'.
- 8. The role of 'Controller of Certifying Authorities' is crucial for certifying authorities and subscribers. Discuss.
- 9. How has public key infrastructure helped in the process of authenticating electronic records?

(PTO)

- 10. Examine the role of Information Technology Act, 2000 in facilitating electronic governance in India.
- 11. Explain the various kinds of e-contracts and its benefits. Also examine whether contracts formed through electronic means are valid in India.
- 12. The use of digital signature ensures privacy of contents to a very large extent. Does this mean that right to privacy is absolute in cyber space? Discuss.
