B A. LL B (HONS.) DEGREE FIFTH SEMESTER SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2019

TIME: 3 hrs

FAMILY LAW - II

Max Marks: 50

Part A

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 10 marks

 $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$

- I. Analyse the term 'Hindu coparcenary'. What is meant by undivided coparcenary interest?
- II. Examine the evolution of right of a female Hindu over her property. Can a woman be a '*karta*' of the joint Hindu property?
- III. Elaborate on the concept of intestate succession. Briefly examine various laws relating to intestate succession under personal laws in India.
- IV. What are the provisions relating to private wakfs under the Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913?
- V. Elaborate on *Class I heirs* as per the Hindu Succession Act. 1956.
- VI. Explain the law of succession applicable to Christians in India.
- VII. What are the essentials of *Hiba* under Muslim Law?
- VIII. Comment upon the need for legislative intervention with respect to succession laws in India?

Part B

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 5 marks

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

- IX. Identify the basic differences of law relating to succession between Mitakshara and Dayabhaga schools.
- X. Mr A, a Muslim man expresses his wish in his death bed about gift of his property to one of his several heirs. Examine the validity of the gift.
- XI. Mr. A, the karta of the joint Hindu family alienates the property for the purpose of performing religious rituals of a death in the family. Mr. B, the coparcener challenges the validity of the same. Advise B.