

**B.A. LL.B., (Hons) DEGREE SECOND SEMESTER (Supplementary) EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016**

**HISTORY OF STATUTORY PRESUMPTIONS**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 50**

**Answer ANY FIVE questions. Each question carries TEN marks.**

**(5x10=50)**

- I. Explain the circumstances which led to the development of revived Roman law in Europe. To what extent did the revived Roman law influence the common law of England?
- II. Explain how the equity jurisdiction contributed to the development of law of trusts in England. Examine the process of transplantations of the trust law into India.
- III. Elucidate on how the rules and principles of common law and equity were transplanted into the Indian legal system.
- IV. Describe various modes of trial which existed in early England. What were the circumstances which led to the introduction of jury trials in England? What were the various types of juries used in civil and criminal cases?
- V. Trace the historical origins of the protection against double jeopardy in England.
- VI. Describe the changing nature of the doctrine of consideration in England with special reference to the period spanning from the middle of the eighteenth century till the middle of the nineteenth century.
- VII. What are presumptions? Explain the classifications of presumptions. Discuss the scope of the presumptions against repeal by implications.
- VIII. Trace the development of the doctrine of *respondeat superior* in England. Examine how far the development of the doctrine of *respondeat superior* influenced the development of the doctrine of *vicarious responsibility* in criminal law.

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